

From: Sabeniano, Mariana [Mariana.Sabeniano@asm.ca.gov]
Sent: Thursday, October 29, 2015 05:25 PM Pacific Standard Time
To: Tom Adams
Cc: cmouradian@earthlink.net
Subject: FW: the letter

Hi Tom:

I'm following-up to the meeting held on October 8th and 9th to discuss the history-social science frameworks. Below is information requested. I've copied Dr. Kay Mouradian who can also help answer any questions you may have. Please let us know if additional information is needed.

Thank you,
Mariana

Mariana C. Sabeniano

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References;

The Fall of Abdul-Hamid, Francis McCullagh....Methuen & Co. 1910
The Decline and Fall of the Ottoman Empire, Alan Palmer, John Murray, Publisher 1992

The Ottoman Empire at its height was a transcontinental empire. As the empire steadily lost territories it became known as “the sick man of Europe.” The Treaty of Berlin in 1878 forced the Ottoman Empire’s Sultan Abdul Hamid II to cede two-fifths of his land. When Sultan Hamid was deposed in 1908 the new rulers of the Ottoman Empire, the Committee of Union and Progress, also known as the ‘Young Turks’, lost the Balkan War in 1912 which resulted in the loss of another 1/3 of the remaining empire. During World War with their enemy Russia crossing the Ottoman border into Armenia, the Young Turks in 1915 feared the Russians would back a form of autonomy for Armenia and fearing the loss of Armenia, the Young Turk regime carried out a systematic genocide against its Armenian population. Those historic Armenian lands now belong to eastern Turkey.